ASSIGNED NUMBERS

STATUS OF THIS MEMO

This memo is a status report on the parameters (i.e., numbers and
keywords) used in protocols in the Internet community. Distribution
of this memo is unlimited.

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION

   This Network Working Group Request for Comments documents the
   currently assigned values from several series of numbers used in
   network protocol implementations. This RFC will be updated
   periodically, and in any case current information can be obtained from
   the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA). If you are developing
   a protocol or application that will require the use of a link, socket,
   port, protocol, etc., please contact the IANA to receive a number
   assignment.

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   Most of the protocols mentioned here are documented in the RFC series
   of notes. Some of the items listed are undocumented. Further
   information on protocols can be found in the memo "Official Internet
   Protocols" [118]. The more prominent and more generally used are
   documented in the "DDN Protocol Handbook, Volume Two, DARPA Internet
   Protocols" [45] prepared by the NIC. Other collections of older or
   obsolete protocols are contained in the "Internet Protocol Transition
   Workbook" [76], or in the "ARPANET Protocol Transition Handbook"
   [47]. For further information on ordering the complete 1985 DDN
   Protocol Handbook, write: SRI International (SRI-NIC), DDN Network
   Information Center, Room EJ291, 333 Ravenswood Avenue, Menlo Park,
   CA., 94025; or call: 1-800-235-3155. Also, the Internet Activities
   Board (IAB) publishes the "IAB Official Protocol Standards" [62],
   which describes the state of standardization of protocols used in the
   Internet. This document is issued quarterly. Current copies may be
   obtained from the DDN Network Information Center or from the IANA.

   In the entries below, the name and mailbox of the responsible

individual is indicated. The bracketed entry, e.g., [nn,iii], at the
right hand margin of the page indicates a reference for the listed
protocol, where the number ("nn") cites the document and the letters
("iii") cites the person. Whenever possible, the letters are a NIC
Ident as used in the WhoIs (NICNAME) service.

Data Notations

   The convention in the documentation of Internet Protocols is to
   express numbers in decimal and to picture data in "big-endian" order
   [21]. That is, fields are described left to right, with the most
   significant octet on the left and the least significant octet on the
   right.

   The order of transmission of the header and data described in this
   document is resolved to the octet level. Whenever a diagram shows a
   group of octets, the order of transmission of those octets is the
   normal order in which they are read in English. For example, in the
   following diagram the octets are transmitted in the order they are
   numbered.

```
    0                   1                   2                   3
    0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
   +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
   |       1       |       2       |       3       |       4       |
   +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
   |       5       |       6       |       7       |       8       |
   +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
   |       9       |      10       |      11       |      12       |
   +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
```
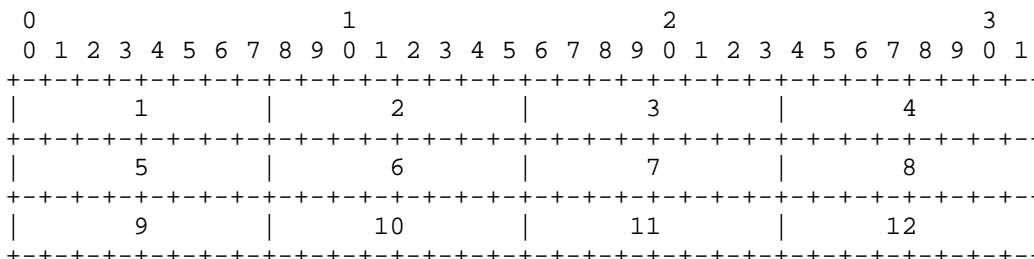
                     Transmission Order of Bytes

   Whenever an octet represents a numeric quantity the left most bit in
   the diagram is the high order or most significant bit. That is, the
   bit labeled 0 is the most significant bit. For example, the
   following diagram represents the value 170 (decimal).

```
                         0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
                        +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
                        |1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0|
                        +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
```
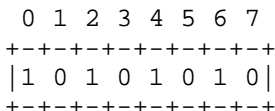
                        Significance of Bits

   Similarly, whenever a multi-octet field represents a numeric quantity

the left most bit of the whole field is the most significant bit.
When a multi-octet quantity is transmitted the most significant octet
is transmitted first.

Special Addresses:

   There are five classes of IP addresses: Class A through Class E
   [119]. Of these, Class D and Class E addresses are reserved for
   experimental use. A gateway which is not participating in these
   experiments must ignore all datagrams with a Class D or Class E
   destination IP address. ICMP Destination Unreachable or ICMP
   Redirect messages must not result from receiving such datagrams.

   There are certain special cases for IP addresses [11]. These special
   cases can be concisely summarized using the earlier notation for an
   IP address:

        IP-address ::= { <Network-number>, <Host-number> }

           or

        IP-address ::= { <Network-number>, <Subnet-number>,
                                              <Host-number> }

   if we also use the notation "-1" to mean the field contains all 1
   bits. Some common special cases are as follows:

        (a)   {0, 0}

           This host on this network. Can only be used as a source
           address (see note later).

        (b)   {0, <Host-number>}

           Specified host on this network. Can only be used as a
           source address.

        (c)   { -1, -1}

           Limited broadcast. Can only be used as a destination
           address, and a datagram with this address must never be
           forwarded outside the (sub-)net of the source.

        (d)   {<Network-number>, -1}

           Directed broadcast to specified network. Can only be used
           as a destination address.

        (e)   {<Network-number>, <Subnet-number>, -1}

           Directed broadcast to specified subnet. Can only be used as
           a destination address.

        (f)   {<Network-number>, -1, -1}

           Directed broadcast to all subnets of specified subnetted
           network. Can only be used as a destination address.

        (g)   {127, <any>}

           Internal host loopback address. Should never appear outside
           a host.

                            VERSION NUMBERS

   In the Internet Protocol (IP) [45,105] there is a field to identify
   the version of the internetwork general protocol. This field is 4
   bits in size.

   Assigned Internet Version Numbers

        Decimal   Keyword   Version   References
        -------   -------   -------   ----------
           0   Reserved   [JBP]
          1-3   Unassigned   [JBP]
           4   IP   Internet Protocol   [105,JBP]
           5   ST   ST Datagram Mode   [49,JWF]
          6-14   Unassigned   [JBP]
           15   Reserved   [JBP]

PROTOCOL NUMBERS

In the Internet Protocol (IP) [45,105] there is a field, called
Protocol, to identify the the next level protocol. This is an 8 bit
field.

Assigned Internet Protocol Numbers

```
   Decimal    Keyword    Protocol                       References
   -------    -------    --------                       ----------
        0                Reserved                          [JBP]
        1      ICMP       Internet Control Message       [97,JBP]
        2      IGMP       Internet Group Management      [43,JBP]
        3      GGP        Gateway-to-Gateway              [60,MB]
        4                 Unassigned                        [JBP]
        5      ST         Stream                         [49,JWF]
        6      TCP        Transmission Control          [106,JBP]
        7      UCL        UCL                               [PK]
        8      EGP        Exterior Gateway Protocol     [123,DLM1]
        9      IGP        any private interior gateway      [JBP]
       10      BBN-RCC-MON BBN RCC Monitoring              [SGC]
       11      NVP-II     Network Voice Protocol         [22,SC3]
       12      PUP        PUP                            [8,XEROX]
       13      ARGUS      ARGUS                            [RWS4]
       14      EMCON      EMCON                             [BN7]
       15      XNET       Cross Net Debugger            [56,JFH2]
       16      CHAOS      Chaos                             [NC3]
       17      UDP        User Datagram                 [104,JBP]
       18      MUX        Multiplexing                   [23,JBP]
       19      DCN-MEAS   DCN Measurement Subsystems       [DLM1]
       20      HMP        Host Monitoring                [59,RH6]
       21      PRM        Packet Radio Measurement          [ZSU]
       22      XNS-IDP    XEROX NS IDP                  [133,XEROX]
       23      TRUNK-1    Trunk-1                          [BWB6]
       24      TRUNK-2    Trunk-2                          [BWB6]
       25      LEAF-1     Leaf-1                           [BWB6]
       26      LEAF-2     Leaf-2                           [BWB6]
       27      RDP        Reliable Data Protocol        [138,RH6]
       28      IRTP       Internet Reliable Transaction  [79,TXM]
       29      ISO-TP4    ISO Transport Protocol Class 4 [63,RC77]
       30      NETBLT     Bulk Data Transfer Protocol    [20,DDC1]
       31      MFE-NSP    MFE Network Services Protocol [124,BCH2]
       32      MERIT-INP  MERIT Internodal Protocol         [HWB]
       33      SEP        Sequential Exchange Protocol    [JC120]
       34      3PC        Third Party Connect Protocol     [SAF3]
    35-60                 Unassigned                        [JBP]
       61                 any host internal protocol        [JBP]
       62      CFTP       CFTP                          [50,HCF2]
```

```
        63                     any local network              [JBP]
        64     SAT-EXPAK       SATNET and Backroom EXPAK       [SHB]
        65                     Unassigned                      [JBP]
        66     RVD             MIT Remote Virtual Disk Protocol [MBG]
        67     IPPC            Internet Pluribus Packet Core   [SHB]
        68                     any distributed file system     [JBP]
        69     SAT-MON         SATNET Monitoring               [SHB]
        70     VISA            VISA Protocol                   [GXT1]
        71     IPCV            Internet Packet Core Utility    [SHB]
     72-75                     Unassigned                      [JBP]
        76     BR-SAT-MON      Backroom SATNET Monitoring      [SHB]
        77     SUN-ND          SUN ND PROTOCOL-Temporary       [WM3]
        78     WB-MON          WIDEBAND Monitoring             [SHB]
        79     WB-EXPAK        WIDEBAND EXPAK                  [SHB]
        80     ISO-IP          ISO Internet Protocol           [MTR]
        81     VMTP            VMTP                            [DRC3]
        82     SECURE-VMTP     SECURE-VMTP                     [DRC3]
        83     VINES           VINES                           [BXH]
        84     TTP             TTP                             [JXS]
        85     NSFNET-IGP      NSFNET-IGP                      [HWB]
        86     DGP             Dissimilar Gateway Protocol  [74,ML109]
        87     TCF             TCF                            [GAL5]
        88     IGRP            IGRP                          [18,GXS]
        89     OSPFIGP         OSPFIGP                      [83,JTM4]
        90     Sprite-RPC      Sprite RPC Protocol         [143,BXW]
        91     LARP            Locus Address Resolution Protocol [BXH]
     92-254                    Unassigned                      [JBP]
       255                     Reserved                        [JBP]
```

                              PORT NUMBERS

Ports are used in the TCP [45,106] to name the ends of logical
connections which carry long term conversations. For the purpose of
providing services to unknown callers, a service contact port is
defined. This list specifies the port used by the server process as its
contact port. The contact port is sometimes called the "well-known
port".

To the extent possible, these same port assignments are used with the
UDP [46,104].

To the extent possible, these same port assignments are used with the
ISO-TP4 [64].

The assigned ports use a small portion of the possible port numbers.
The assigned ports have all except the low order eight bits cleared to
zero. The low order eight bits are specified here.

    Port Assignments:

    Decimal   Keyword   Description   References
    -------   -------   -----------   ----------
       0   Reserved   [JBP]
       1   TCPMUX   TCP Port Service Multiplexer   [MKL]
      2-4   Unassigned   [JBP]
       5   RJE   Remote Job Entry   [12,JBP]
       7   ECHO   Echo   [95,JBP]
       9   DISCARD   Discard   [94,JBP]
      11   USERS   Active Users   [89,JBP]
      13   DAYTIME   Daytime   [93,JBP]
      15   Unassigned   [JBP]
      17   QUOTE   Quote of the Day   [100,JBP]
      19   CHARGEN   Character Generator   [92,JBP]
      20   FTP-DATA   File Transfer [Default Data]   [96,JBP]
      21   FTP   File Transfer [Control]   [96,JBP]
      23   TELNET   Telnet   [112,JBP]
      25   SMTP   Simple Mail Transfer   [102,JBP]
      27   NSW-FE   NSW User System FE   [24,RHT]
      29   MSG-ICP   MSG ICP   [85,RHT]
      31   MSG-AUTH   MSG Authentication   [85,RHT]
      33   DSP   Display Support Protocol   [EXC]
      35   any private printer server   [JBP]
      37   TIME   Time   [108,JBP]
      39   RLP   Resource Location Protocol   [MA]
      41   GRAPHICS   Graphics   [129,JBP]
      42   NAMESERVER Host Name Server   [99,JBP]
      43   NICNAME   Who Is   [55,MARY]

```
 44       MPM-FLAGS  MPM FLAGS Protocol                      [JBP]
 45       MPM        Message Processing Module [recv]    [98,JBP]
 46       MPM-SND    MPM [default send]                 [98,JBP]
 47       NI-FTP     NI FTP                            [134,SK8]
 49       LOGIN      Login Host Protocol                    [PHD1]
 51       LA-MAINT   IMP Logical Address Maintenance    [76,AGM]
 53       DOMAIN     Domain Name Server              [81,95,PM1]
 55       ISI-GL     ISI Graphics Language                [7,RB9]
 57                  any private terminal access            [JBP]
 59                  any private file service               [JBP]
 61       NI-MAIL    NI MAIL                             [5,SK8]
 63       VIA-FTP    VIA Systems - FTP                      [DXD]
 65       TACACS-DS  TACACS-Database Service             [3,KH43]
 67       BOOTPS     Bootstrap Protocol Server          [36,WJC2]
 68       BOOTPC     Bootstrap Protocol Client          [36,WJC2]
 69       TFTP       Trivial File Transfer             [126,DDC1]
 71       NETRJS-1   Remote Job Service                 [10,RTB3]
 72       NETRJS-2   Remote Job Service                 [10,RTB3]
 73       NETRJS-3   Remote Job Service                 [10,RTB3]
 74       NETRJS-4   Remote Job Service                 [10,RTB3]
 75                  any private dial out service           [JBP]
 77                  any private RJE service                [JBP]
 79       FINGER     Finger                             [52,KLH]
 81       HOSTS2-NS  HOSTS2 Name Server                     [EAK1]
 83       MIT-ML-DEV MIT ML Device                          [DPR]
 85       MIT-ML-DEV MIT ML Device                          [DPR]
 87                  any private terminal link              [JBP]
 89       SU-MIT-TG  SU/MIT Telnet Gateway                  [MRC]
 91       MIT-DOV    MIT Dover Spooler                      [EBM]
 93       DCP        Device Control Protocol                [DT15]
 95       SUPDUP     SUPDUP                             [27,MRC]
 97       SWIFT-RVF  Swift Remote Vitural File Protocol     [MXR]
 98       TACNEWS    TAC News                               [ANM2]
 99       METAGRAM   Metagram Relay                         [GEOF]
101       HOSTNAME   NIC Host Name Server               [54,MARY]
102       ISO-TSAP   ISO-TSAP                           [16,MTR]
103       X400       X400                                   [HCF2]
104       X400-SND   X400-SND                               [HCF2]
105       CSNET-NS   Mailbox Name Nameserver           [127,MS56]
107       RTELNET    Remote Telnet Service             [101,JBP]
109       POP2       Post Office Protocol - Version 2   [14,JKR1]
110       POP3       Post Office Protocol - Version 3  [122,MTR]
111       SUNRPC     SUN Remote Procedure Call              [DXG]
113       AUTH       Authentication Service            [130,MCSJ]
115       SFTP       Simple File Transfer Protocol      [73,MKL1]
117       UUCP-PATH  UUCP Path Service                  [44,MAE]
119       NNTP       Network News Transfer Protocol     [65,PL4]
121       ERPC       Encore Expedited Remote Proc. Call [132,JXO]
```

```
123      NTP        Network Time Protocol           [80,DLM1]
125      LOCUS-MAP  Locus PC-Interface Net Map Server [137,EP53]
127      LOCUS-CON  Locus PC-Interface Conn Server  [137,EP53]
129      PWDGEN     Password Generator Protocol       [141,FJW]
130      CISCO-FNA  CISCO FNATIVE                          [WXB]
131      CISCO-TNA  CISCO TNATIVE                          [WXB]
132      CISCO-SYS  CISCO SYSMAINT                         [WXB]
133      STATSRV    Statistics Service                    [DLM1]
134      INGRES-NET INGRES-NET Service                     [MXB]
135      LOC-SRV    Location Service                       [JXP]
136      PROFILE    PROFILE Naming System                  [LLP]
137      NETBIOS-NS NETBIOS Name Service                   [JBP]
138      NETBIOS-DGM NETBIOS Datagram Service              [JBP]
139      NETBIOS-SSN NETBIOS Session Service               [JBP]
140      EMFIS-DATA EMFIS Data Service                     [GB7]
141      EMFIS-CNTL EMFIS Control Service                  [GB7]
142      BL-IDM     Britton-Lee IDM                       [SXS1]
143      IMAP2      Interim Mail Access Protocol v2        [MRC]
144      NEWS       NewS                                   [JAG]
145      UAAC       UAAC Protocol                         [DAG4]
146      ISO-TP0    ISO-IP0                             [86,MTR]
147      ISO-IP     ISO-IP                                 [MTR]
148      CRONUS     CRONUS-SUPPORT                    [135,JXB]
149      AED-512    AED 512 Emulation Service              [AXB]
150      SQL-NET    SQL-NET                                [MXP]
151      HEMS       HEMS                               [87,CXT]
152      BFTP       Background File Transfer Program      [AD14]
153      SGMP       SGMP                               [37,MS9]
154      NETSC-PROD NETSC                                 [SH37]
155      NETSC-DEV  NETSC                                 [SH37]
156      SQLSRV     SQL Service                            [CMR]
157      KNET-CMP   KNET/VM Command/Message Protocol [77,GSM11]
158      PCMail-SRV PCMail Server                     [19,MXL]
159      NSS-Routing NSS-Routing                          [JXR]
160      SGMP-TRAPS SGMP-TRAPS                         [37,MS9]
161      SNMP       SNMP                               [15,MTR]
162      SNMPTRAP   SNMPTRAP                           [15,MTR]
163      CMIP-Manage CMIP/TCP Manager                   [4,AXB1]
164      CMIP-Agent CMIP/TCP Agent                     [4,AXB1]
165      XNS-Courier Xerox                            [144,SXA]
166      S-Net      Sirius Systems                         [BXL]
167      NAMP       NAMP                                   [MS9]
168      RSVD       RSVD                                  [NT12]
169      SEND       SEND                                 [WDW11]
170      Print-SRV  Network PostScript                     [BKR]
171      Multiplex  Network Innovations Multiplex          [KXD]
172      CL/1       Network Innovations CL/1               [KXD]
173      Xyplex-MUX Xyplex                                 [BXS]
```

```
174        MAILQ        MAILQ                              [RXZ]
175        VMNET        VMNET                              [CXT]
176        GENRAD-MUX   GENRAD-MUX                         [RXT]
177        XDMCP        X Display Manager Control Protocol [RWS4]
178        NextStep     NextStep Window Server             [LXH]
179        BGP          Border Gateway Protocol            [KSL]
180        RIS          Intergraph                         [DXB]
181        Unify        Unify                              [VXS]
182        Unisys-Cam   Unisys-Cam                         [GXG]
183        OCBinder     OCBinder                           [JXO1]
184        OCServer     OCServer                           [JXO1]
185        Remote-KIS   Remote-KIS                         [RXD1]
186        KIS          KIS Protocol                       [RXD1]
187        ACI          Application Communication Interface [RXC1]
188        MUMPS        MUMPS                              [HS23]
189        QFT          Queued File Transport              [WXS]
190        GACP         Gateway Access Control Protocol    [PCW]
191        Prospero     Prospero                           [BCN]
192        OSU-NMS      OSU Network Monitoring System      [DXK]
193        SRMP         Spider Remote Monitoring Protocol  [TXS]
194        IRC          Internet Relay Chat Protocol       [JXO2]
195        DN6-NLM-AUD  DNSIX Network Level Module Audit   [LL69]
196        DN6-SMM-RED  DNSIX Session Mgt Module Audit Redirect[LL69]
197        DLS          Directory Location Service         [SXB]
198        DLS-Mon      Directory Location Service Monitor [SXB]
198-200                 Unassigned                         [JBP]
201        AT-RMTP      AppleTalk Routing Maintenance      [RXC]
202        AT-NBP       AppleTalk Name Binding             [RXC]
203        AT-3         AppleTalk Unused                   [RXC]
204        AT-ECHO      AppleTalk Echo                     [RXC]
205        AT-5         AppleTalk Unused                   [RXC]
206        AT-ZIS       AppleTalk Zone Information          [RXC]
207        AT-7         AppleTalk Unused                   [RXC]
208        AT-8         AppleTalk Unused                   [RXC]
209-223                 Unassigned                         [JBP]
224-241                 Reserved                           [JBP]
243        SUR-MEAS     Survey Measurement              [6,DDC1]
245        LINK         LINK                            [1,RDB2]
246        DSP3270      Display Systems Protocol       [39,WJS1]
247-255                 Reserved                           [JBP]
```

                         UNIX PORTS

     By convention, ports in the range 256 to 1024 are used for "Unix
     Standard" services. Listed here are some of the normal uses of these
     port numbers.

     Service Name   Port/Protocol   Description
     ------------   -------------   -----------

     echo   7/tcp
     discard   9/tcp   sink null
     systat   11/tcp   users
     daytime   13/tcp
     netstat   15/tcp
     qotd   17/tcp   quote
     chargen   19/tcp   ttytst source
     ftp-data   20/tcp
     ftp   21/tcp
     telnet   23/tcp
     smtp   25/tcp   mail
     time   37/tcp   timserver
     name   42/tcp   nameserver
     whois   43/tcp   nicname
     nameserver   53/tcp   domain
     apts   57/tcp   any private terminal service
     apfs   59/tcp   any private file service
     rje   77/tcp   netrjs
     finger   79/tcp
     link   87/tcp   ttylink
     supdup   95/tcp
     newacct   100/tcp   [unauthorized use]
     hostnames   101/tcp   hostname
     iso-tsap   102/tcp   tsap
     x400   103/tcp
     x400-snd   104/tcp
     csnet-ns   105/tcp   CSNET Name Service
     pop-2   109/tcp   pop postoffice
     sunrpc   111/tcp
     auth   113/tcp   authentication
     sftp   115/tcp
     uucp-path   117/tcp
     nntp   119/tcp   usenet readnews untp
     ntp   123/tcp   network time protocol
     statsrv   133/tcp
     profile   136/tcp
     NeWS   144/tcp   news
     print-srv   170/tcp
     exec   512/tcp   remote process execution;

```
                                      authentication performed using
                                      passwords and UNIX loppgin names
            login            513/tcp  remote login a la telnet;
                                      automatic authentication performed
                                      based on priviledged port numbers
                                      and distributed data bases which
                                      identify "authentication domains"
            cmd              514/tcp  like exec, but automatic
                                      authentication is performed as for
                                      login server
            printer          515/tcp  spooler
            efs              520/tcp  extended file name server
            tempo            526/tcp  newdate
            courier          530/tcp  rpc
            conference       531/tcp  chat
            netnews          532/tcp  readnews
            uucp             540/tcp  uucpd
            klogin           543/tcp
            kshell           544/tcp  krcmd
            dsf              555/tcp
            remotefs         556/tcp  rfs server
            chshell          562/tcp  chcmd
            meter            570/tcp  demon
            pcserver         600/tcp  Sun IPC server
            nqs              607/tcp  nqs
            mdqs             666/tcp
            rfile            750/tcp
            pump             751/tcp
            qrh              752/tcp
            rrh              753/tcp
            tell             754/tcp  send
            nlogin           758/tcp
            con              759/tcp
            ns               760/tcp
            rxe              761/tcp
            quotad           762/tcp
            cycleserv        763/tcp
            omserv           764/tcp
            webster          765/tcp
            phonebook        767/tcp  phone
            vid              769/tcp
            rtip             771/tcp
            cycleserv2       772/tcp
            submit           773/tcp
            rpasswd          774/tcp
            entomb           775/tcp
            wpages           776/tcp
            wpgs             780/tcp
```

```
mdbs_daemon       800/tcp
device            801/tcp
maitrd            997/tcp
busboy            998/tcp
garcon            999/tcp
blackjack        1025/tcp        network blackjack
bbn-mmc          1347/tcp        multi media conferencing
bbn-mmx          1348/tcp        multi media conferencing
orasrv           1525/tcp        oracle
ingreslock       1524/tcp
issd             1600/tcp
nkd              1650/tcp
dc               2001/tcp
mailbox          2004/tcp
berknet          2005/tcp
invokator        2006/tcp
dectalk          2007/tcp
conf             2008/tcp
news             2009/tcp
search           2010/tcp
raid-cc          2011/tcp        raid
ttyinfo          2012/tcp
raid-am          2013/tcp
troff            2014/tcp
cypress          2015/tcp
cypress-stat     2017/tcp
terminaldb       2018/tcp
whosockami       2019/tcp
servexec         2021/tcp
down             2022/tcp
ellpack          2025/tcp
shadowserver     2027/tcp
submitserver     2028/tcp
device2          2030/tcp
blackboard       2032/tcp
glogger          2033/tcp
scoremgr         2034/tcp
imsldoc          2035/tcp
objectmanager    2038/tcp
lam              2040/tcp
interbase        2041/tcp
isis             2042/tcp
rimsl            2044/tcp
dls              2047/tcp
dls-monitor      2048/tcp
shilp            2049/tcp
NSWS             3049/tcp
rfa              4672/tcp        remote file access server
```

```
   commplex-main     5000/tcp
   commplex-link     5001/tcp
   padl2sim          5236/tcp
   man               9535/tcp


   echo              7/udp
   discard           9/udp          sink null
   systat            11/udp         users
   daytime           13/udp
   netstat           15/udp
   qotd              17/udp         quote
   chargen           19/udp         ttytst source
   time              37/udp         timserver
   rlp               39/udp         resource
   name              42/udp         nameserver
   whois             43/udp         nicname
   nameserver        53/udp         domain
   bootps            67/udp         bootp
   bootpc            68/udp
   tftp              69/udp
   sunrpc            111/udp
   erpc              121/udp
   ntp               123/udp
   statsrv           133/udp
   profile           136/udp
   snmp              161/udp
   snmp-trap         162/udp
   at-rtmp           201/udp
   at-nbp            202/udp
   at-3              203/udp
   at-echo           204/udp
   at-5              205/udp
   at-zis            206/udp
   at-7              207/udp
   at-8              208/udp
   biff              512/udp        used by mail system to notify users
                                    of new mail received; currently
                                    receives messages only from
                                    processes on the same machine
   who               513/udp        maintains data bases showing who's
                                    logged in to machines on a local
                                    net and the load average of the
                                    machine
   syslog            514/udp
   talk              517/udp        like tenex link, but across
                                    machine - unfortunately, doesn't
                                    use link protocol (this is actually
                                    just a rendezvous port from which a
```

```
                                    tcp connection is established)
     ntalk           518/udp
     utime           519/udp        unixtime
     router          520/udp        local routing process (on site);
                                    uses variant of Xerox NS routing
                                    information protocol
     timed           525/udp        timeserver
     netwall         533/udp        for emergency broadcasts
     new-rwho        550/udp        new-who
     rmonitor        560/udp        rmonitord
     monitor         561/udp
     meter           571/udp        udemon
     elcsd           704/udp        errlog copy/server daemon
     loadav          750/udp
     vid             769/udp
     cadlock         770/udp
     notify          773/udp
     acmaint_dbd     774/udp
     acmaint_transd  775/udp
     wpages          776/udp
     puparp          998/udp
     applix          999/udp        Applix ac
     puprouter       999/udp
     cadlock         1000/udp
     hermes          1248/udp
     wizard          2001/udp       curry
     globe           2002/udp
     emce            2004/udp       CCWS mm conf
     oracle          2005/udp
     raid-cc         2006/udp       raid
     raid-am         2007/udp
     terminaldb      2008/udp
     whosockami      2009/udp
     pipe_server     2010/udp
     servserv        2011/udp
     raid-ac         2012/udp
     raid-cd         2013/udp
     raid-sf         2014/udp
     raid-cs         2015/udp
     bootserver      2016/udp
     bootclient      2017/udp
     rellpack        2018/udp
     about           2019/udp
     xinupageserver  2020/udp
     xinuexpansion1  2021/udp
     xinuexpansion2  2022/udp
     xinuexpansion3  2023/udp
     xinuexpansion4  2024/udp
```

```
xribs              2025/udp
scrabble           2026/udp
isis               2042/udp
isis-bcast         2043/udp
rimsl              2044/udp
cdfunc             2045/udp
sdfunc             2046/udp
dls                2047/udp
shilp              2049/udp
rmonitor_secure    5145/udp
xdsxdm             6558/udp
isode-dua          17007/udp
```

                      INTERNET MULTICAST ADDRESSES

   Host Extensions for IP Multicasting (RFC-1112) [43] specifies the
   extensions required of a host implementation of the Internet Protocol
   (IP) to support multicasting. Current addresses are listed below.

      224.0.0.0 Reserved   [43,JBP]
      224.0.0.1 All Hosts on this Subnet   [43,JBP]
      224.0.0.2 All Gateways on this Subnet (proposed)   [JBP]
      224.0.0.3 Unassigned   [JBP]
      224.0.0.4 DVMRP   Routers   [140,JBP]
      224.0.0.5 OSPFIGP   OSPFIGP All Routers   [83,JXM1]
      224.0.0.6 OSPFIGP   OSPFIGP Designated Routers   [83,JXM1]
      244.0.0.7-244.0.0.255 Unassigned   [JBP]
      224.0.1.0 VMTP Managers Group   [17,DRC3]
      224.0.1.1 NTP   Network Time Protocol   [80,DLM1]
      224.0.1.2 SGI-Dogfight   [AXC]
      224.0.1.3 Rwhod   [SXD]
      224.0.1.4 VNP   [DRC3]
      244.0.1.5-244.0.1.255 Unassigned   [JBP]
      224.0.2.1 "rwho" Group (BSD) (unofficial)   [JBP]
      232.x.x.x VMTP transient groups   [17,DRC3]

   Note that when used on an Ethernet or IEEE 802 network, the 23
   low-order bits of the IP Multicast address are placed in the low-
   order 23 bits of the Ethernet or IEEE 802 net multicast address
   1.0.94.0.0.0. See the next section on "IANA ETHERNET ADDRESS
   BLOCK".

                        IANA ETHERNET ADDRESS BLOCK

   The IANA owns an Ethernet address block which may be used for
   multicast address asignments or other special purposes.

   The address block in IEEE binary is (which is in bit transmission
   order):

                      0000 0000 0000 0000 0111 1010

   In the normal Internet dotted decimal notation this is 0.0.94 since
   the bytes are transmitted higher order first and bits within bytes
   are transmitted lower order first (see "Data Notation" in the
   Introduction).

   IEEE CSMA/CD and Token Bus bit transmission order: 00 00 5E

   IEEE Token Ring bit transmission order: 00 00 7A

   Appearance on the wire (bits transmitted from left to right):

       0   23   47
       | | |
       1000 0000 0000 0000 0111 1010 xxxx xxx0 xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx
       | |
       Multicast Bit   0 = Internet Multicast
                                             1 = Assigned by IANA for
                                                 other uses
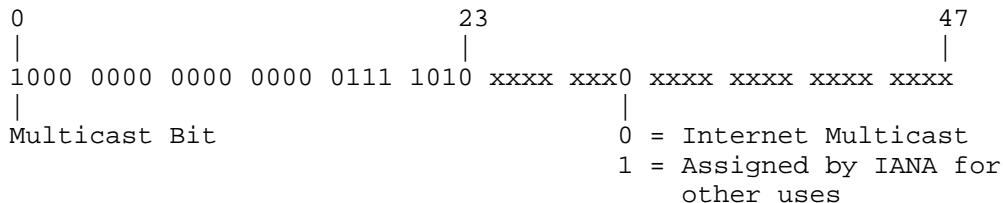
   Appearance in memory (bits transmitted right-to-left within octets,
   octets transmitted left-to-right):

       0   23   47
       | | |
       0000 0001 0000 0000 0101 1110 0xxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx
                | |
                Multicast Bit   0 = Internet Multicast
                                      1 = Assigned by IANA for other uses
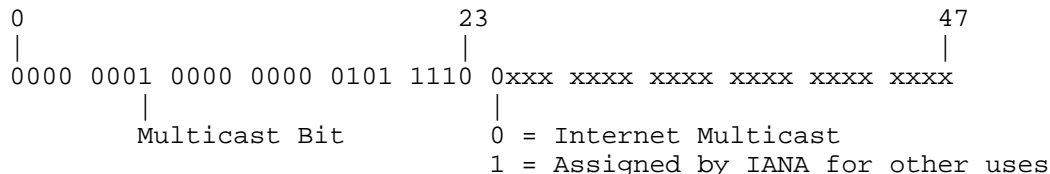
   The latter representation corresponds to the Internet standard bit-
   order, and is the format that most programmers have to deal with.
   Using this representation, the range of Internet Multicast addresses
   is:

        01-00-5E-00-00-00 to 01-00-5E-7F-FF-FF in hex, or

        1.0.94.0.0.0 to 1.0.94.127.255.255 in dotted decimal

                         IP TOS PARAMETERS

   This documents the default Type-of-Service values that are currently
   recommended for the most important Internet protocols.

   There are three binary TOS attributes: low delay, high throughput,
   and high reliability; in each case, an attribute bit is turned on to
   indicate "better". The three attributes cannot all be optimized
   simultanously, and in fact the TOS algorithms that have been
   discussed tend to make "better" values of the attributes mutually
   exclusive. Therefore, the recommended values have at most one bit
   on.

   Generally, protocols which are involved in direct interaction with a
   human should select low delay, while data transfers which may involve
   large blocks of data are need high throughput. Finally, high
   reliability is most important for datagram-based Internet management
   functions.

   Application protocols not included in these tables should be able to
   make appropriate choice of low delay (1 0 0) or high throughput (0 1
   0).

   The following are recommended values for TOS:

                 ----- Type-of-Service Value -----

                    Low   High   High
        Protocol   Delay   Throughput   Reliability

        TELNET (1)   1   0   0

        FTP
          Control   1   0   0
          Data (2)   0   1   0

        TFTP   1   0   0

        SMTP (3)
          Cmd phase   1   0   0
          DATA phase 0   1   0

        Domain Name Service
          UDP Query   1   0   0
          TCP Query   0   0   0
          Zone Tnsfr 0   1   0

        NNTP   0   0   0

```
      ICMP
         Errors      0           0           0
         Queries     0           0           0

      Any IGP        0           0           1

      EGP            0           0           0

      SNMP           0           0           1

      BOOTP          0           0           0
```

Notes:

(1) Includes all interactive user protocols (e.g., rlogin).

(2) Includes all bulk data transfer protocols (e.g., rcp).

(3) If the implementation does not support changing the TOS
     during the lifetime of the connection, then the recommended
     TOS on opening the connection is (0,0,0).

IP TIME TO LIVE PARAMETER

   The current recommended default TTL for the Internet Protocol (IP)
   RFC-791 [45,105] is 32.

                       DOMAIN SYSTEM PARAMETERS

   The Internet Domain Naming System (DOMAIN) includes several
   parameters. These are documented in RFC-1034, [81] and RFC-1035
   [82]. The CLASS parameter is listed here. The per CLASS parameters
   are defined in separate RFCs as indicated.

   Domain System Parameters:

   Decimal   Name   References
   -------   ----   ----------
         0   Reserved   [PM1]
         1   Internet (IN)   [81,PM1]
         2   Unassigned   [PM1]
         3   Chaos (CH)   [PM1]
         4   Hessoid (HS)   [PM1]
   5-65534   Unassigned   [PM1]
     65535   Reserved

                         BOOTP PARAMETERS

    The Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP) RFC-951 [36] describes an IP/UDP
    bootstrap protocol (BOOTP) which allows a diskless client machine to
    discover its own IP address, the address of a server host, and the
    name of a file to be loaded into memory and executed. The BOOTP
    Vendor Information Extensions RFC-1084 [117] proposes an addition to
    the Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP).

    Vendor Extensions are listed below:

Tag	Name	Data Length	Meaning	References
0	Pad	0	None	
1	Subnet Mask	4	Subnet Mask Value	
2	Time Zone	4	Time Offset in Seconds from UTC	
3	Gateways	N	N/4 Gateway addresses	
4	Time Server	N	N/4 Timeserver addresses	
5	Name Server	N	N/4 IEN-116 Server addresses	
6	Domain Server	N	N/4 DNS Server addresses	
7	Log Server	N	N/4 Logging Server addresses	
8	Quotes Server	N	N/4 Quotes Server addresses	
9	LPR Server	N	N/4 Printer Server addresses	
10	Impress Server	N	N/4 Impress Server addresses	
11	RLP Server	N	N/4 RLP Server addresses	
12	Hostname	N	Hostname string	
13	Boot File Size	2	Size of boot file in 512 byte checks	
14	Merit Dump File		Client to dump and name the file to dump it to	
15-127	Unassigned			
128-154	Reserved			
255	End	0	None	

NETWORK MANAGEMENT PARAMETERS

For the management of hosts and gateways on the Internet a data
structure for the information has been defined. This data structure
should be used with any of several possible management protocols, such
as the "Simple Network Management Protocol" (SNMP) RFC-1098 [15], or
the "Common Management Information Protocol over TCP" (CMOT) [142].

The data structure is the "Structure and Indentification of Management
Information for TCP/IP-based Internets" (SMI) RFC-1065 [120], and the
"Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based
Internets" (MIB) [121].

The SMI includes the provision for parameters or codes to indicate
experimental or private data structures. These parameter assignments
are listed here.

The older "Simple Gateway Monitoring Protocol" (SGMP) RFC-1028 [37]
also defined a data structure. The parameter assignments used with
SGMP are included here for hist orical completeness.

SMI Network Management Experimental Codes:

    Prefix: 1.3.6.1.3.

Decimal	Name	Description	References
0	Reserved		[JKR1]
1	CLNP	ISO CLNP Objects	[MTR]
2	T1-Carrier	T1 Carrier Objects	[MTR]
3	IEEE8023	Ethernet-like Objects	[MTR]
4	IEEE8025	Token Ring-like Objects	[MTR]

SMI Network Management Private Enterprise Codes:

    Prefix: 1.3.6.1.4.1.

Decimal	Name	References
0	Reserved	[JKR1]
1	Proteon	[GSM11]
2	IBM	[JXR]
3	CMU	[SXW]
4	Unix	[KXS]
5	ACC	[AB20]
6	TWG	[KZM]
7	CAYMAN	[BP52]
8	NYSERNET	[MS9]

```
           9   cisco                                            [GXS]
          10   NSC                                              [GS123]
          11   HP                                               [RDXS]
          12   Epilogue                                         [KA4]
          13   U of Tennessee                                   [JDC20]
          14   BBN                                              [RH6]
          15   Xylogics, Inc.                                   [JRL3]
          16   Unisys                                           [UXW]
          17   Canstar                                          [SXP]
          18   Wellfleet                                        [JCB1]
          19   TRW                                              [GGB2]
          20   MIT                                              [JR35]
          21   EON                                              [MXW]
          22   Spartacus                                        [YXK]
          23   Excelan                                          [RXB]
          24   Spider Systems                                   [VXW]
          25   NSFNET                                           [HWB]
          26   Hughes LAN Systems                               [AXC1]
          27   Intergraph                                       [SXC]
          28   Interlan                                         [FJK2]
          29   Vitalink Communications                          [FXB]
          30   Ulana                                            [BXA]
          31   NSWC                                             [SRN1]
          32   Santa Cruz Operation                             [KR35]
          33   Xyplex                                           [BXS]
          34   Cray                                             [HXE]
          35   Bell Northern Research                           [GXW]
          36   DEC                                              [RXB1]
          37   Touch                                            [BXB]
          38   Network Research Corp.                           [BXV]
          39   Baylor College of Medicine                       [SB98]
          40   NMFECC-LLNL                                       [SXH]
          41   SRI                                              [DW181]
          42   Sun Microsystems                                 [DXY]
          43   3Com                                             [TB6]
          44   CMC                                              [DXP]
          45   SynOptics                                        [BXB1]
          46   Cheyenne Software                                [RXH]
          47   Prime Computer                                   [MXS]
          48   MCNC/North Carolina Data Network                 [KXW]
          49   Chipcom                                          [JXC]
          50   Optical Data Systems                             [JXF]
          51   gated                                            [JXH]
          52   Cabletron Systems                                [RXD]
          53   Apollo Computers                                 [JXB]
          54   DeskTalk Systems, Inc.                           [DXK]
          55   SSDS                                             [RXS]
          56   Castle Rock Computing                            [JXS1]
```

```
     57    MIPS Computer Systems                         [CXM]
     58    TGV, Inc.                                     [KAA]
     59    Silicon Graphics, Inc.                        [RXJ]
     60    University of British Columbia                [DXM]
     61    Merit                                         [BXN]
     62    FiberCom                                      [EXR]
     63    Apple Computer Inc                            [JXH1]
     64    Gandalf                                       [HXK]
     65    Dartmouth                                     [PXK]
     66    David Systems                                 [DXM]
     67    Reuter                                        [BXZ]
     68    Cornell                                       [DC126]
     69    TMAC                                          [MLS34]
     70    Locus Computing Corp.                         [AXS]
     71    NASA                                          [SS92]
     72    Retix                                         [AXM]
     73    Boeing                                        [JXG]
     74    AT&T                                          [AXC2]
     75    Ungermann-Bass                                [DXM]
     76    Digital Analysis Corp.                        [SXK]
     77    LAN Manager                                   [JXG1]
     78    Netlabs                                       [JB478]
     79    ICL                                           [JXI]
     80    Auspex Systems                                [BXE]
     81    Lannet Company                                [EXR]
     82    Network Computing Devices                     [DM280]
     83    Raycom Systems                                [BXW1]
     84    Pirelli Focom Ltd.                            [SXL]
     85    Datability Software Systems                   [LXF]
     86    Network Application Technology                [YXW]
     87    LINK (Lokales Informatik-Netz Karlsruhe)      [GXS]
     88    NYU                                           [BJR2]
     89    RND                                           [RXN]
     90    InterCon Systems Corporation                  [AW90]
```

SGMP Vendor Specific Codes:

   Prefix: 1,255,

```
Decimal    Name                                     References
-------    ----                                     ----------
     0    Reserved                                      [JKR1]
     1    Proteon                                       [JS18]
     2    IBM                                           [JXR]
     3    CMU                                           [SXW]
     4    Unix                                          [MS9]
     5    ACC                                           [AB20]
     6    TWG                                           [MTR]
```

```
      7    CAYMAN                                                [BP52]
      8    NYSERNET                                               [MS9]
      9    cisco                                                  [GS2]
     10    BBN                                                    [RH6]
     11    Unassigned                                            [JKR1]
     12    MIT                                                   [JR35]
 13-254    Unassigned                                            [JKR1]
    255    Reserved                                              [JKR1]
```

                    ARPANET AND MILNET LOGICAL ADDRESSES

   The ARPANET facility for "logical addressing" is described in RFC-878
   [57] and RFC-1005 [109]. A portion of the possible logical addresses
   are reserved for standard uses.

   There are 49,152 possible logical host addresses. Of these, 256 are
   reserved for assignment to well-known functions. Assignments for
   well-known functions are made by the IANA. Assignments for other
   logical host addresses are made by the NIC.

   Logical Address Assignments:

      Decimal   Description   References
      -------   -----------   ----------
      0   Reserved   [JBP]
      1   The BBN Core Gateways   [MB]
      2-254   Unassigned   [JBP]
      255   Reserved   [JBP]

                  ARPANET AND MILNET LINK NUMBERS

   The word "link" here refers to a field in the original ARPANET
   Host/IMP interface leader. The link was originally defined as an 8-
   bit field. Later specifications defined this field as the "message-
   id" with a length of 12 bits. The name link now refers to the high
   order 8 bits of this 12-bit message-id field. The Host/IMP interface
   is defined in BBN Report 1822 [2].

   The low-order 4 bits of the message-id field are called the sub-link.
   Unless explicitly specified otherwise for a particular protocol,
   there is no sender to receiver significance to the sub-link. The
   sender may use the sub-link in any way he chooses (it is returned in
   the RFNM by the destination IMP), the receiver should ignore the
   sub-link.

   Link Assignments:

      Decimal   Description   References
      -------   -----------   ----------
      0-63   BBNCC Monitoring   [MB]
      64-149   Unassigned   [JBP]
      150   Xerox NS IDP   [133,XEROX]
      151   Unassigned   [JBP]
      152   PARC Universal Protocol   [8,XEROX]
      153   TIP Status Reporting   [JGH]
      154   TIP Accounting   [JGH]
      155   Internet Protocol [regular]   [105,JBP]
      156-158   Internet Protocol [experimental]   [105,JBP]
      159   Figleaf Link   [JBW1]
      160   Blacker Local Network Protocol   [DM28]
      161-194   Unassigned   [JBP]
      195   ISO-IP   [64,RXM]
      196-247   Experimental Protocols   [JBP]
      248-255   Network Maintenance   [JGH]

                   ARPANET AND MILNET X.25 ADDRESS MAPPINGS

   All MILNET hosts are assigned addresses by the Defense Data Network
   (DDN). The address of a MILNET host may be obtained from the Network
   Information Center (NIC), represented as an ASCII text string in what
   is called "host table format". This section describes the process by
   which MILNET X.25 addresses may be derived from addresses in the NIC
   host table format.

   A NIC host table address consists of the ASCII text string
   representations of four decimal numbers separated by periods,
   corresponding to the four octeted of a thirty-two bit Internet
   address. The four decimal numbers are referred to in this section as
   "n", "h' "l", and "i". Thus, a host table address may be represented
   as: "n.h.l.i". Each of these four numbers will have either one, two,
   or three decimal digits and will never have a value greater than 255.
   For example, in the host table, address: "10.2.0.124", n=10, h=2,
   l=0, and i=124. To convert a host table address to a MILNET X.25
   address:

      1. If h < 64, the host table address corresponds to the X.25
      physical address:

                        ZZZZ F IIIHHZZ (SS)

      where:

           ZZZZ = 0000   as required

           F = 0   because the address is a physical address;

           III   is a three decimal digit respresentation of
                          "i", right-adjusted and padded with leading
                          zeros if required;

           HH   is a two decimal digit representation of "h",
                          right-adjusted and padded with leading zeros
                          if required;

           ZZ = 00   and

           (SS)   is optional

      In the example given above, the host table address 10.2.0.124
      corresponds to the X.25 physical address 000001240200.

2. If h > 64 or h = 64, the host table address corresponds to the
X.25 logical address

                        ZZZZ F RRRRRZZ (SS)

where:

    ZZZZ = 0000   as required

    F = 1   because the address is a logical address;

    RRRRR   is a five decimal digit representation of
                    the result "r" of the calculation

                        r = h * 256 + i

                    (Note that the decimal representation of
                    "r" will always require five digits);

    ZZ = 00   and

    (SS)   is optional

Thus, the host table address 10.83.0.207 corresponds to the X.25
logical address 000012145500.

In both cases, the "n" and "l" fields of the host table address are
not used.

                    IEEE 802 NUMBERS OF INTEREST

   Some of the networks of all classes are IEEE 802 Networks. These
   systems may use a Link Service Access Point (LSAP) field in much the
   same way the ARPANET uses the "link" field. Further, there is an
   extension of the LSAP header called the Sub-Network Access Protocol
   (SNAP).

   The IEEE likes to describe numbers in binary in bit transmission
   order, which is the opposite of the big-endian order used throughout
   the Internet protocol documentation.

   Assignments:

      Link Service Access Point   Description   References
      -----------------------   -----------   ----------
      IEEE   Internet
      binary   binary   decimal
      00000000 00000000   0   Null LSAP   [IEEE]
      01000000 00000010   2   Indiv LLC Sublayer Mgt   [IEEE]
      11000000 00000011   3   Group LLC Sublayer Mgt   [IEEE]
      00100000 00000100   4   SNA Path Control   [IEEE]
      01100000 00000110   6   Reserved (DOD IP)   [104,JBP]
      01110000 00001110   14   PROWAY-LAN   [IEEE]
      01110010 01001110   78   EIA-RS 511   [IEEE]
      01111010 01011110   94   ISI IP   [JBP]
      01110001 10001110   142   PROWAY-LAN   [IEEE]
      01010101 10101010   170   SNAP   [IEEE]
      01111111 11111110   254   ISO DIS 8473   [64,JXJ]
      11111111 11111111   255   Global DSAP   [IEEE]

   These numbers (and others) are assigned by the IEEE Standards Office.
   The address is: IEEE Standards Office, 345 East 47th Street, New
   York, N.Y. 10017, Attn: Vince Condello. Phone: (212) 705-7092.

   At an ad hoc special session on "IEEE 802 Networks and ARP", held
   during the TCP Vendors Workshop (August 1986), an approach to a
   consistent way to send DoD-IP datagrams and other IP related
   protocols (such as the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)) on 802
   networks was developed, using the SNAP extension (see RFC-1010 and
   RFC-1042 [90]).

ETHERNET NUMBERS OF INTEREST

Many of the networks of all classes are Ethernets (10Mb) or
Experimental Ethernets (3Mb). These systems use a message "type"
field in much the same way the ARPANET uses the "link" field.

If you need an Ethernet type, contact the Xerox Corporation, Xerox
Systems Institute, 475 Oakmead Parkway, Sunnyvale, CA 94086, Attn:
Ms. Fonda Pallone, (408) 737-4652.

The following list is contributed unverified information from various
sources.

Assignments:

Ethernet		Exp. Ethernet		Description	References
decimal	Hex	decimal	octal		
000	0000-05DC	–	–	IEEE802.3 Length Field	[XEROX]
257	0101-01FF	–	–	Experimental	[XEROX]
512	0200	512	1000	XEROX PUP (see 0A00)	[8,XEROX]
513	0201	–	–	PUP Addr Trans (see 0A01)	[XEROX]
1536	0600	1536	3000	XEROX NS IDP	[133,XEROX]
2048	0800	513	1001	DOD IP	[105,JBP]
2049	0801	–	–	X.75 Internet	[XEROX]
2050	0802	–	–	NBS Internet	[XEROX]
2051	0803	–	–	ECMA Internet	[XEROX]
2052	0804	–	–	Chaosnet	[XEROX]
2053	0805	–	–	X.25 Level 3	[XEROX]
2054	0806	–	–	ARP	[88,JBP]
2055	0807	–	–	XNS Compatability	[XEROX]
2076	081C	–	–	Symbolics Private	[DCP1]
2184	0888-088A	–	–	Xyplex	[XEROX]
2304	0900	–	–	Ungermann-Bass net debugr	[XEROX]
2560	0A00	–	–	Xerox IEEE802.3 PUP	[XEROX]
2561	0A01	–	–	PUP Addr Trans	[XEROX]
2989	0BAD	–	–	Banyan Systems	[XEROX]
4096	1000	–	–	Berkeley Trailer nego	[XEROX]
4097	1001-100F	–	–	Berkeley Trailer encap/IP	[XEROX]
5632	1600	–	–	Valid Systems	[XEROX]
16962	4242	–	–	PCS Basic Block Protocol	[XEROX]
21000	5208	–	–	BBN Simnet	[XEROX]
24576	6000	–	–	DEC Unassigned (Exp.)	[XEROX]
24577	6001	–	–	DEC MOP Dump/Load	[XEROX]
24578	6002	–	–	DEC MOP Remote Console	[XEROX]
24579	6003	–	–	DEC DECNET Phase IV Route	[XEROX]
24580	6004	–	–	DEC LAT	[XEROX]
24581	6005	–	–	DEC Diagnostic Protocol	[XEROX]

```
24582   6006        -       -     DEC Customer Protocol      [XEROX]
24583   6007        -       -     DEC LAVC, SCA              [XEROX]
24584   6008-6009   -       -     DEC Unassigned             [XEROX]
24586   6010-6014   -       -     3Com Corporation           [XEROX]
28672   7000        -       -     Ungermann-Bass download    [XEROX]
28674   7002        -       -     Ungermann-Bass dia/loop    [XEROX]
28704   7020-7029   -       -     LRT                        [XEROX]
28720   7030        -       -     Proteon                    [XEROX]
28724   7034        -       -     Cabletron                  [XEROX]
32771   8003        -       -     Cronus VLN               [131,DT15]
32772   8004        -       -     Cronus Direct            [131,DT15]
32773   8005        -       -     HP Probe                   [XEROX]
32774   8006        -       -     Nestar                     [XEROX]
32776   8008        -       -     AT&T                       [XEROX]
32784   8010        -       -     Excelan                    [XEROX]
32787   8013        -       -     SGI diagnostics              [AXC]
32788   8014        -       -     SGI network games            [AXC]
32789   8015        -       -     SGI reserved                 [AXC]
32780   8016        -       -     SGI bounce server            [AXC]
32783   8019        -       -     Apollo Computers           [XEROX]
32815   802E        -       -     Tymshare                   [XEROX]
32816   802F        -       -     Tigan, Inc.                [XEROX]
32821   8035        -       -     Reverse ARP               [48,JXM]
32822   8036        -       -     Aeonic Systems             [XEROX]
32824   8038        -       -     DEC LANBridge              [XEROX]
32825   8039-803C   -       -     DEC Unassigned             [XEROX]
32829   803D        -       -     DEC Ethernet Encryption    [XEROX]
32830   803E        -       -     DEC Unassigned             [XEROX]
32831   803F        -       -     DEC LAN Traffic Monitor    [XEROX]
32832   8040-8042   -       -     DEC Unassigned             [XEROX]
32836   8044        -       -     Planning Research Corp.    [XEROX]
32838   8046        -       -     AT&T                       [XEROX]
32839   8047        -       -     AT&T                       [XEROX]
32841   8049        -       -     ExperData                  [XEROX]
32859   805B        -       -     Stanford V Kernel exp.     [XEROX]
32860   805C        -       -     Stanford V Kernel prod.    [XEROX]
32861   805D        -       -     Evans & Sutherland         [XEROX]
32864   8060        -       -     Little Machines            [XEROX]
32866   8062        -       -     Counterpoint Computers     [XEROX]
32869   8065-8066   -       -     Univ. of Mass. @ Amherst [XEROX]
32871   8067        -       -     Veeco Integrated Auto.     [XEROX]
32872   8068        -       -     General Dynamics           [XEROX]
32873   8069        -       -     AT&T                       [XEROX]
32874   806A        -       -     Autophon                   [XEROX]
32876   806C        -       -     ComDesign                  [XEROX]
32877   806D        -       -     Computgraphic Corp.        [XEROX]
32878   806E-8077   -       -     Landmark Graphics Corp.    [XEROX]
32890   807A        -       -     Matra                      [XEROX]
```

```
32891  807B        -      -     Dansk Data Elektronik     [XEROX]
32892  807C        -      -     Merit Internodal            [HWB]
32893  807D-807F   -      -     Vitalink Communications   [XEROX]
32896  8080        -      -     Vitalink TransLAN III     [XEROX]
32897  8081-8083   -      -     Counterpoint Computers    [XEROX]
32923  809B        -      -     Appletalk                 [XEROX]
32924  809C-809E   -      -     Datability                [XEROX]
32927  809F        -      -     Spider Systems Ltd.       [XEROX]
32931  80A3        -      -     Nixdorf Computers         [XEROX]
32932  80A4-80B3   -      -     Siemens Gammasonics Inc.  [XEROX]
32960  80C0-80C3   -      -     DCA Data Exchange Cluster [XEROX]
32966  80C6        -      -     Pacer Software            [XEROX]
32967  80C7        -      -     Applitek Corporation      [XEROX]
32968  80C8-80CC   -      -     Intergraph Corporation    [XEROX]
32973  80CD-80CE   -      -     Harris Corporation        [XEROX]
32974  80CF-80D2   -      -     Taylor Instrument         [XEROX]
32979  80D3-80D4   -      -     Rosemount Corporation     [XEROX]
32981  80D5        -      -     IBM SNA Service on Ether  [XEROX]
32989  80DD        -      -     Varian Associates         [XEROX]
32990  80DE-80DF   -      -     Integrated Solutions TRFS [XEROX]
32992  80E0-80E3   -      -     Allen-Bradley             [XEROX]
32996  80E4-80F0   -      -     Datability                [XEROX]
33010  80F2        -      -     Retix                     [XEROX]
33011  80F3        -      -     AppleTalk AARP (Kinetics) [XEROX]
33012  80F4-80F5   -      -     Kinetics                  [XEROX]
33015  80F7        -      -     Apollo Computer           [XEROX]
33023  80FF-8103   -      -     Wellfleet Communications  [XEROX]
33031  8107-8109   -      -     Symbolics Private         [XEROX]
33072  8130        -      -     Waterloo Microsystems     [XEROX]
33073  8131        -      -     VG Laboratory Systems     [XEROX]
33079  8137-8138   -      -     Novell, Inc.              [XEROX]
33081  8139-813D   -      -     KTI                       [XEROX]
33100  814C        -      -     SNMP                       [JKR1]
36864  9000        -      -     Loopback                  [XEROX]
36865  9001        -      -     3Com(Bridge) XNS Sys Mgmt [XEROX]
36866  9002        -      -     3Com(Bridge) TCP-IP Sys   [XEROX]
36867  9003        -      -     3Com(Bridge) loop detect  [XEROX]
65280  FF00        -      -     BBN VITAL-LanBridge cache [XEROX]
```

   The standard for transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernets and
   Experimental Ethernets is specified in RFC-894 [61] and RFC-895 [91]
   respectively.

   NOTE: Ethernet 48-bit address blocks are assigned by the IEEE.

   IEEE Standards Office, 345 East 47th Street, New York, N.Y. 10017,
   Attn: Vince Condello. Phone: (212) 705-7092.

                    ETHERNET VENDOR ADDRESS COMPONENTS

   Ethernet hardware addresses are 48 bits, expressed as 12 hexadecimal
   digits (0-9, plus A-F, capitalized). These 12 hex digits consist of
   the first/left 6 digits (which should match the vendor of the
   Ethernet interface within the station) and the last/right 6 digits
   which specify the interface serial number for that interface vendor.

   Ethernet addresses might be written unhyphenated (e.g.,
   123456789ABC), or with one hyphen (e.g., 123456-789ABC), but should
   be written hyphenated by octets (e.g., 12-34-56-78-9A-BC).

   These addresses are physical station addresses, not multicast nor
   broadcast, so the second hex digit (reading from the left) will be
   even, not odd.

   At present, it is not clear how the IEEE assigns Ethernet block
   addresses. Whether in blocks of 2**24 or 2**25, and whether
   multicasts are assigned with that block or separately. A portion of
   the vendor block address is reportedly assigned serially, with the
   other portion intentionally assigned randomly. If there is a global
   algorithm for which addresses are designated to be physical (in a
   chipset) versus logical (assigned in software), or globally-assigned
   versus locally-assigned addresses, some of the known addresses do not
   follow the scheme (e.g., AA0003; 02xxxx).

   00000C Cisco
   00000F NeXT
   000010 Sytek
   00001D Cabletron
   000020 DIAB (Data Intdustrier AB)
   000022 Visual Technology
   00002A TRW
   00005A S & Koch
   00005E IANA
   000065 Network General
   00006B MIPS
   000077 MIPS
   00007A Ardent
   000089 Cayman Systems Gatorbox
   000093 Proteon
   00009F Ameristar Technology
   0000A2 Wellfleet
   0000A3 Network Application Technology
   0000A6 Network General (internal assignment, not for products)
   0000A7 NCD   X-terminals
   0000A9 Network Systems
   0000AA Xerox   Xerox machines

```
0000B3  CIMLinc
0000B7  Dove            Fastnet
0000BC  Allen-Bradley
0000C0  Western Digital
0000C6  HP Intelligent Networks Operation (formerly Eon Systems)
0000C8  Altos
0000C9  Emulex          Terminal Servers
0000D7  Dartmouth College (NED Router)
0000D8  3Com? Novell?   PS/2
0000DD  Gould
0000DE  Unigraph
0000E2  Acer Counterpoint
0000EF  Alantec
0000FD  High Level Hardvare (Orion, UK)
000102  BBN             BBN internal usage (not registered)
001700  Kabel
00802D  Xylogics, Inc.  Annex terminal servers
00808C  Frontier Software Development
00AA00  Intel
00DD00  Ungermann-Bass
00DD01  Ungermann-Bass
020701  MICOM/Interlan  UNIBUS or QBUS machines, Apollo
020406  BBN             BBN internal usage (not registered)
026086  Satelcom MegaPac (UK)
02608C  3Com            IBM PC; Imagen; Valid; Cisco
02CF1F  CMC             Masscomp; Silicon Graphics; Prime EXL
080002  3Com (Formerly Bridge)
080003  ACC (Advanced Computer Communications)
080005  Symbolics       Symbolics LISP machines
080008  BBN
080009  Hewlett-Packard
08000A  Nestar Systems
08000B  Unisys
080010  AT&T
080011  Tektronix, Inc.
080014  Excelan         BBN Butterfly, Masscomp, Silicon Graphics
080017  NSC
08001A  Data General
08001B  Data General
08001E  Apollo
080020  Sun             Sun machines
080022  NBI
080025  CDC
080026  Norsk Data (Nord)
080027  PCS Computer Systems GmbH
080028  TI              Explorer
08002B  DEC
08002E  Metaphor
```

```
08002F  Prime Computer   Prime 50-Series LHC300
080036  Intergraph       CAE stations
080037  Fujitsu-Xerox
080038  Bull
080039  Spider Systems
080041  DCA Digital Comm. Assoc.
080045  ???? (maybe Xylogics, but they claim not to know this number)
080046  Sony
080047  Sequent
080049  Univation
08004C  Encore
08004E  BICC
080056  Stanford University
080058  ???              DECsystem-20
08005A  IBM
080067  Comdesign
080068  Ridge
080069  Silicon Graphics
08006E  Excelan
080075  DDE (Danish Data Elektronik A/S)
08007C  Vitalink         TransLAN III
080080  XIOS
080086  Imagen/QMS
080087  Xyplex           terminal servers
080089  Kinetics         AppleTalk-Ethernet interface
08008B  Pyramid
08008D  XyVision         XyVision machines
080090  Retix Inc        Bridges
484453  HDS ???
800010  AT&T             [misrepresentation of 080010?]
AA0000  DEC              obsolete
AA0001  DEC              obsolete
AA0002  DEC              obsolete
AA0003  DEC              Global physical address for some DEC machines
AA0004  DEC              Local logical address for systems running DECNET
```

                        ETHERNET MULTICAST ADDRESSES

     Ethernet   Type
     Address   Field   Usage

     Multicast Addresses:

     01-00-5E-00-00-00-   0800   Internet Multicast (RFC-1112) [43]
     01-00-5E-7F-FF-FF
     01-00-5E-80-00-00-   ????   Internet reserved by IANA
     01-00-5E-FF-FF-FF
     01-80-C2-00-00-00   -802-   Spanning tree (for bridges)
     09-00-02-04-00-01?   8080?   Vitalink printer
     09-00-02-04-00-02?   8080?   Vitalink management
     09-00-09-00-00-01   8005   HP Probe
     09-00-09-00-00-01   -802-   HP Probe
     09-00-09-00-00-04   8005?   HP DTC
     09-00-1E-00-00-00   8019?   Apollo DOMAIN
     09-00-2B-00-00-00   6009?   DEC MUMPS?
     09-00-2B-00-00-01   8039?   DEC DSM/DTP?
     09-00-2B-00-00-02   803B?   DEC VAXELN?
     09-00-2B-00-00-03   8038   DEC Lanbridge Traffic Monitor (LTM)
     09-00-2B-00-00-04   ????   DEC MAP End System Hello?
     09-00-2B-00-00-05   ????   DEC MAP Intermediate System Hello?
     09-00-2B-00-00-06   803D?   DEC CSMA/CD Encryption?
     09-00-2B-00-00-07   8040?   DEC NetBios Emulator?
     09-00-2B-00-00-0F   6004   DEC Local Area Transport (LAT)
     09-00-2B-00-00-1x   ????   DEC Experimental
     09-00-2B-01-00-00   8038   DEC LanBridge Copy packets (All bridges)
     09-00-2B-01-00-01   8038   DEC LanBridge Hello packets (All local bridges)
                                       1 packet per second, sent by the
                                       designated LanBridge
     09-00-2B-02-00-00   ????   DEC DNA Level 2 Routing Layer routers?
     09-00-2B-02-01-00   803C?   DEC DNA Naming Service Advertisement?
     09-00-2B-02-01-01   803C?   DEC DNA Naming Service Solicitation?
     09-00-2B-02-01-02   803E?   DEC DNA Time Service?
     09-00-2B-03-xx-xx   ????   DEC default filtering by bridges?
     09-00-2B-04-00-00   8041?   DEC Local Area System Transport (LAST)?
     09-00-2B-23-00-00   803A?   DEC Argonaut Console?
     09-00-4E-00-00-02?   8137?   Novell IPX
     09-00-56-00-00-00-   ????   Stanford reserved
     09-00-56-FE-FF-FF
     09-00-56-FF-00-00-   805C   Stanford V Kernel, version 6.0
     09-00-56-FF-FF-FF
     09-00-77-00-00-01   ????   Retix spanning tree bridges
     09-00-7C-02-00-05   8080?   Vitalink diagnostics
     09-00-7C-05-00-01   8080?   Vitalink gateway?
     0D-1E-15-BA-DD-06   ????   HP

```
    AB-00-00-01-00-00       6001    DEC Maintenance Operation Protocol (MOP)
                                    Dump/Load Assistance
    AB-00-00-02-00-00       6002    DEC Maintenance Operation Protocol (MOP)
                                    Remote Console
                                    1 System ID packet every 8-10 minutes,
                                    by every:
                                    DEC LanBridge
                                    DEC DEUNA interface
                                    DEC DELUA interface
                                    DEC DEQNA interface (in a certain mode)
    AB-00-00-03-00-00       6003    DECNET Phase IV end node Hello packets
                                    1 packet every 15 seconds, sent by
each DECNET host
    AB-00-00-04-00-00       6003    DECNET Phase IV Router Hello packets
                                    1 packet every 15 seconds, sent by the
DECNET router
    AB-00-00-05-00-00       ????    Reserved DEC
through
    AB-00-03-FF-FF-FF
    AB-00-03-00-00-00       6004    DEC Local Area Transport (LAT) - old
    AB-00-04-00-xx-xx       ????    Reserved DEC customer private use
    AB-00-04-01-xx-yy       6007    DEC Local Area VAX Cluster groups
                                    System Communication Architecture (SCA)
    CF-00-00-00-00-00       9000    Ethernet Configuration Test protocol (Loopback)

    Broadcast Address:
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       0600    XNS packets, Hello or gateway search?
                                    6 packets every 15 seconds, per XNS station
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       0800    IP (e.g. RWHOD via UDP) as needed
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       0804    CHAOS
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       0806    ARP (for IP and CHAOS) as needed
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       0BAD    Banyan
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       1600    VALID packets, Hello or gateway search?
                                    1 packets every 30 seconds, per VALID station
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       8035    Reverse ARP
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       807C    Merit Internodal (INP)
    FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF       809B    EtherTalk
```

                        XNS PROTOCOL TYPES

     Assigned well-known socket numbers

            Routing Information   1
            Echo   2
            Router Error   3
            Experimental   40-77

     Assigned internet packet types

            Routing Information   1
            Echo   2
            Error   3
            Packet Exchange   4
            Sequenced Packet   5
            PUP   12
            DoD IP   13
            Experimental   20-37

PROTOCOL/TYPE FIELD ASSIGNMENTS

Below are two tables describing the arrangement of protocol fields or
type field assignments so that one could send NS Datagrams on the
ARPANET or Internet Datagrams on 10Mb Ethernet, and also protocol and
type fields so one could encapsulate each kind of Datagram in the
other.

\ upper lower \	DoD IP	PUP	NS IP
3Mb Ethernet	Type 1001 octal	Type 1000 octal	Type 3000 octal
10 Mb Ethernet	Type 0800 hex	Type 0200 hex	Type 0600 hex
ARPANET	Link 155 decimal	Link 152 decimal	Link 150 decimal

\ upper lower \	DoD IP	PUP	NS IP
DoD IP	X	Protocol 12 decimal	Protocol 22 decimal
PUP	?	X	?
NS IP	Type 13 decimal	Type 12 decimal	X

                         PRONET 80 TYPE NUMBERS

   Below is the current list of PRONET 80 Type Numbers. Note: a
   protocol that is on this list does not necessarily mean that there is
   any implementation of it on ProNET.

   Of these, protocols 1, 14, and 20 are the only ones that have ever
   been seen in ARP packets.

   For reference, the header is (one byte/line):

           destination hardware address
           source hardware address
           data link header version (2)
           data link header protocol number
           data link header reserved (0)
           data link header reserved (0)

   Some protocols have been known to tuck stuff in the reserved fields.

   Those who need a protocol number on ProNET-10/80 should contact John
   Shriver (jas@proteon.com).

      1   IP
      2   IP with trailing headers
      3   Address Resoloution Protocol
      4   Proteon HDLC
      5   VAX Debugging Protocol (MIT)
      10   Novell NetWare (IPX and pre-IPX) (old format,
                3 byte trailer)
      11   Vianetix
      12   PUP
      13   Watstar protocol (University of Waterloo)
      14   XNS
      15   Diganostics
      16   Echo protocol (link level)
      17   Banyan Vines
      20   DECnet (DEUNA Emulation)
      21   Chaosnet
      23   IEEE 802.2 or ISO 8802/2 Data Link
      24   Reverse Address Resolution Protocol
      29   TokenVIEW-10
      31   AppleTalk LAP Data Packet
      33   Cornell Boot Server Location Protocol
      34   Novell NetWare IPX (new format, no trailer,
                new XOR checksum)

ADDRESS RESOLUTION PROTOCOL PARAMETERS

     The Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) specified in RFC-826 [88] has
     several parameters. The assigned values for these parameters are
     listed here.

     Assignments:

     Operation Code (op)

             1   REQUEST
             2   REPLY

     Hardware Type (hrd)

        Type   Description   References
        ----   -----------   ----------
         1   Ethernet (10Mb)   [JBP]
         2   Experimental Ethernet (3Mb)   [JBP]
         3   Amateur Radio AX.25   [PXK]
         4   Proteon ProNET Token Ring   [JBP]
         5   Chaos   [GXP]
         6   IEEE 802 Networks   [JBP]
         7   ARCNET   [JBP]
         8   Hyperchannel   [JBP]
         9   Lanstar   [TU]
        10   Autonet Short Address   [MXB1]
        11   LocalTalk   [LXE]
        12   LocalNet (IBM PCNet or SYTEK LocalNET)   [JXM]

     Protocol Type (pro)

        Use the same codes as listed in the section called "Ethernet
        Numbers of Interest" (all hardware types use this code set for the
        protocol type).

REVERSE ADDRESS RESOLUTION PROTOCOL OPERATION CODES

The Reverse Address Resolution Protocol (RARP) specified in RFC-903
[48] has the following operation codes:

Assignments:

Operation Code (op)

          3 request Reverse
          4 reply Reverse

                      DYNAMIC REVERSE ARP

Assignments:

Operation Code (op)

          5 DRARP-Request
          6 DRARP-Reply
          7 DRARP-Error

For further information, contact: David Brownell
(suneast!helium!db@Sun.COM).

                        X.25 TYPE NUMBERS

   CCITT defines the high order two bits of the first octet of call user
   data as follows:

      00 - Used for other CCITT recomendations (such as X.29)
      01 - Reserved for use by "national" administrative
           authorities
      10 - Reserved for use by international administrative authoorities
      11 - Reserved for arbitrary use between consenting DTEs

      Call User Data (hex)   Protocol   Reference
      -------------------   --------   ---------

      01   PAD   [GS2]
      C5   Blacker front-end descr dev   [AGM]
      CC   IP   [69,AGM]*
      CD   ISO-IP   [AGM]

      * NOTE: ISO SC6/WG2 approved assignment in ISO 9577 (January 1990).

                     PUBLIC DATA NETWORK NUMBERS

One of the Internet Class A Networks is the international system of
Public Data Networks. This section lists the mapping between the
Internet Addresses and the Public Data Network Addresses (X.121).

The numbers below are assigned for networks that are connected to the
Internet, and for independent networks. These independent networks
are marked with an asterisk preceding the number.

Assignments:

* Internet	Public Data Net	Description	References
014.000.000.000		Reserved	[JBP]
014.000.000.001	3110-317-00035 00	PURDUE-TN	[TN]
014.000.000.002	3110-608-00027 00	UWISC-TN	[TN]
014.000.000.003	3110-302-00024 00	UDEL-TN	[TN]
014.000.000.004	2342-192-00149 23	UCL-VTEST	[PK]
014.000.000.005	2342-192-00300 23	UCL-TG	[PK]
014.000.000.006	2342-192-00300 25	UK-SATNET	[PK]
014.000.000.007	3110-608-00024 00	UWISC-IBM	[MS56]
014.000.000.008	3110-213-00045 00	RAND-TN	[MO2]
014.000.000.009	2342-192-00300 23	UCL-CS	[PK]
014.000.000.010	3110-617-00025 00	BBN-VAN-GW	[JD21]
*014.000.000.011	2405-015-50300 00	CHALMERS	[UXB]
014.000.000.012	3110-713-00165 00	RICE	[PAM6]
014.000.000.013	3110-415-00261 00	DECWRL	[PAM6]
014.000.000.014	3110-408-00051 00	IBM-SJ	[SA1]
014.000.000.015	2041-117-01000 00	SHAPE	[JFW]
014.000.000.016	2628-153-90075 00	DFVLR4-X25	[GB7]
014.000.000.017	3110-213-00032 00	ISI-VAN-GW	[JD21]
014.000.000.018	2624-522-80900 52	FGAN-SIEMENS-X25	[GB7]
014.000.000.019	2041-170-10000 00	SHAPE-X25	[JFW]
014.000.000.020	5052-737-20000 50	UQNET	[AXH]
014.000.000.021	3020-801-00057 50	DMC-CRC1	[VXT]
014.000.000.022	2624-522-80329 02	FGAN-FGANFFMVAX-X25	[GB7]
*014.000.000.023	2624-589-00908 01	ECRC-X25	[PXD]
014.000.000.024	2342-905-24242 83	UK-MOD-RSRE	[JXE2]
014.000.000.025	2342-905-24242 82	UK-VAN-RSRE	[AXM]
014.000.000.026	2624-522-80329 05	DFVLRSUN-X25	[GB7]
014.000.000.027	2624-457-11015 90	SELETFMSUN-X25	[BXD]
014.000.000.028	3110-408-00146 00	CDC-SVL	[RAM57]
014.000.000.029	2222-551-04400 00	SUN-CNUCE	[ABB2]
014.000.000.030	2222-551-04500 00	ICNUCEVM-CNUCE	[ABB2]
014.000.000.031	2222-551-04600 00	SPARE-CNUCE	[ABB2]
014.000.000.032	2222-551-04700 00	ICNUCEVX-CNUCE	[ABB2]
014.000.000.033	2222-551-04524 00	CISCO-CNUCE	[ABB2]

```
   014.000.000.034   2342-313-00260 90   SPIDER-GW            [AD67]
   014.000.000.035   2342-313-00260 91   SPIDER-EXP           [AD67]
   014.000.000.036   2342-225-00101 22   PRAXIS-X25A          [TXR]
   014.000.000.037   2342-225-00101 23   PRAXIS-X25B          [TXR]
   014.000.000.038   2403-712-30250 00   DIAB-TABY-GW         [FXB]
   014.000.000.039   2403-715-30100 00   DIAB-LKP-GW          [FXB]
   014.000.000.040   2401-881-24038 00   DIAB-TABY1-GW        [FXB]
   014.000.000.041   2041-170-10060 00   STC                  [TC27]
   014.000.000.042-014.255.255.254       Unassigned           [JBP]
   014.255.255.255                       Reserved             [JBP]
```

The standard for transmission of IP datagrams over the Public Data
Network is specified in RFC-877 [69].

                           TELNET OPTIONS

The Telnet Protocol has a number of options that may be negotiated.
These options are listed here. "Official Internet Protocols" [118]
provides more detailed information.

```
   Options  Name                                         References
   -------  ----------------------                       ----------
      0     Binary Transmission                          [110,JBP]
      1     Echo                                         [111,JBP]
      2     Reconnection                                  [42,JBP]
      3     Suppress Go Ahead                            [114,JBP]
      4     Approx Message Size Negotiation              [133,JBP]
      5     Status                                       [113,JBP]
      6     Timing Mark                                  [115,JBP]
      7     Remote Controlled Trans and Echo            [107,JBP]
      8     Output Line Width                             [40,JBP]
      9     Output Page Size                              [41,JBP]
     10     Output Carriage-Return Disposition            [28,JBP]
     11     Output Horizontal Tab Stops                   [32,JBP]
     12     Output Horizontal Tab Disposition             [31,JBP]
     13     Output Formfeed Disposition                   [29,JBP]
     14     Output Vertical Tabstops                      [34,JBP]
     15     Output Vertical Tab Disposition               [33,JBP]
     16     Output Linefeed Disposition                   [30,JBP]
     17     Extended ASCII                               [136,JBP]
     18     Logout                                        [25,MRC]
     19     Byte Macro                                    [35,JBP]
     20     Data Entry Terminal                      [145,38,JBP]
     22     SUPDUP                                     [26,27,MRC]
     22     SUPDUP Output                                 [51,MRC]
     23     Send Location                                 [68,EAK1]
     24     Terminal Type                                [128,MS56]
     25     End of Record                                [103,JBP]
     26     TACACS User Identification                     [1,BA4]
     27     Output Marking                               [125,SXS]
     28     Terminal Location Number                      [84,RN6]
     29     Telnet 3270 Regime                           [116,JXR]
     30     X.3 PAD                                       [70,SL70]
     31     Negotiate About Window Size                 [139,DW183]
     32     Terminal Speed                                [57,CLH3]
     33     Remote Flow Control                           [58,CLH3]
     34     Linemode                                       [9,DB14]
     35     X Display Location                            [75,GM23]
    255     Extended-Options-List                        [109,JBP]
```

                            MAIL ENCRYPTION TYPES

   RFC-822 specifies that Encryption Types for mail may be assigned.
   There are currently no RFC-822 encryption types assigned. Please use
   instead the Mail Privacy procedures defined in [71,72,66].

                            MACHINE NAMES

    These are the Official Machine Names as they appear in the Domain
    Name System WKS records and the NIC Host Table. Their use is
    described in RFC-952 [53].

    A machine name or CPU type may be up to 40 characters taken from the
    set of uppercase letters, digits, and the two punctuation characters
    hyphen and slash. It must start with a letter, and end with a letter
    or digit.

        ALTO   DEC-1090
        ALTOS-6800   DEC-1090B
        AMDAHL-V7   DEC-1090T
        APOLLO   DEC-2020T
        ATARI-104ST   DEC-2040
        ATT-3B1   DEC-2040T
        ATT-3B20   DEC-2050T
        ATT-7300   DEC-2060
        BBN-C/60   DEC-2060T
        BURROUGHS-B/29   DEC-2065
        BURROUGHS-B/4800   DEC-FALCON
        BUTTERFLY   DEC-KS10
        C/30   DEC-VAX-11730
        C/70   DORADO
        CADLINC   DPS8/70M
        CADR   ELXSI-6400
        CDC-170   EVEREX-386
        CDC-170/750   FOONLY-F2
        CDC-173   FOONLY-F3
        CELERITY-1200   FOONLY-F4
        CLUB-386   GOULD
        COMPAQ-386/20   GOULD-6050
        COMTEN-3690   GOULD-6080
        CP8040   GOULD-9050
        CRAY-1   GOULD-9080
        CRAY-X/MP   H-316
        CRAY-2   H-60/68
        CTIWS-117   H-68
        DANDELION   H-68/80
        DEC-10   H-89
        DEC-1050   HONEYWELL-DPS-6
        DEC-1077   HONEYWELL-DPS-8/70
        DEC-1080   HP3000

```
    HP3000/64                            PDP-11
    IBM-158                              PDP-11/3
    IBM-360/67                           PDP-11/23
    IBM-370/3033                         PDP-11/24
    IBM-3081                             PDP-11/34
    IBM-3084QX                           PDP-11/40
    IBM-3101                             PDP-11/44
    IBM-4331                             PDP-11/45
    IBM-4341                             PDP-11/50
    IBM-4361                             PDP-11/70
    IBM-4381                             PDP-11/73
    IBM-4956                             PE-7/32
    IBM-6152                             PE-3205
    IBM-PC                               PERQ
    IBM-PC/AT                            PLEXUS-P/60
    IBM-PC/RT                            PLI
    IBM-PC/XT                            PLURIBUS
    IBM-SERIES/1                         PRIME-2350
    IMAGEN                               PRIME-2450
    IMAGEN-8/300                         PRIME-2755
    IMSAI                                PRIME-9655
    INTEGRATED-SOLUTIONS                 PRIME-9755
    INTEGRATED-SOLUTIONS-68K             PRIME-9955II
    INTEGRATED-SOLUTIONS-CREATOR         PRIME-2250
    INTEGRATED-SOLUTIONS-CREATOR-8       PRIME-2655
    INTEL-386                            PRIME-9955
    INTEL-IPSC                           PRIME-9950
    IS-1                                 PRIME-9650
    IS-68010                             PRIME-9750
    LMI                                  PRIME-2250
    LSI-11                               PRIME-750
    LSI-11/2                             PRIME-850
    LSI-11/23                            PRIME-550II
    LSI-11/73                            PYRAMID-90
    M68000                               PYRAMID-90MX
    MAC-II                               PYRAMID-90X
    MASSCOMP                             RIDGE
    MC500                                RIDGE-32
    MC68000                              RIDGE-32C
    MICROPORT                            ROLM-1666
    MICROVAX                             S1-MKIIA
    MICROVAX-I                           SMI
    MV/8000                              SEQUENT-BALANCE-8000
    NAS3-5                               SIEMENS
    NCR-COMTEN-3690                      SILICON-GRAPHICS
    NEXT/N1000-316                       SILICON-GRAPHICS-IRIS
    NOW                                  SGI-IRIS-2400
    ONYX-Z8000                           SGI-IRIS-2500
```

```
   SGI-IRIS-3010                         SUN-3/60
   SGI-IRIS-3020                         SUN-3/75
   SGI-IRIS-3030                         SUN-3/80
   SGI-IRIS-3110                         SUN-3/110
   SGI-IRIS-3115                         SUN-3/140
   SGI-IRIS-3120                         SUN-3/150
   SGI-IRIS-3130                         SUN-3/160
   SGI-IRIS-4D/20                        SUN-3/180
   SGI-IRIS-4D/20G                       SUN-3/200
   SGI-IRIS-4D/25                        SUN-3/260
   SGI-IRIS-4D/25G                       SUN-3/280
   SGI-IRIS-4D/25S                       SUN-3/470
   SGI-IRIS-4D/50                        SUN-3/480
   SGI-IRIS-4D/50G                       SUN-4/60
   SGI-IRIS-4D/50GT                      SUN-4/110
   SGI-IRIS-4D/60                        SUN-4/150
   SGI-IRIS-4D/60G                       SUN-4/200
   SGI-IRIS-4D/60T                       SUN-4/260
   SGI-IRIS-4D/60GT                      SUN-4/280
   SGI-IRIS-4D/70                        SUN-4/330
   SGI-IRIS-4D/70G                       SUN-4/370
   SGI-IRIS-4D/70GT                      SUN-4/390
   SGI-IRIS-4D/80GT                      SUN-50
   SGI-IRIS-4D/80S                       SUN-100
   SGI-IRIS-4D/120GTX                    SUN-120
   SGI-IRIS-4D/120S                      SUN-130
   SGI-IRIS-4D/210GTX                    SUN-150
   SGI-IRIS-4D/210S                      SUN-170
   SGI-IRIS-4D/220GTX                    SUN-386i/250
   SGI-IRIS-4D/220S                      SUN-68000
   SGI-IRIS-4D/240GTX                    SYMBOLICS-3600
   SGI-IRIS-4D/240S                      SYMBOLICS-3670
   SGI-IRIS-4D/280GTX                    SYMMETRIC-375
   SGI-IRIS-4D/280S                      SYMULT
   SGI-IRIS-CS/12                        TANDEM-TXP
   SGI-IRIS-4SERVER-8                    TANDY-6000
   SPERRY-DCP/10                         TEK-6130
   SUN                                   TI-EXPLORER
   SUN-2                                 TP-4000
   SUN-2/50                              TRS-80
   SUN-2/100                             UNIVAC-1100
   SUN-2/120                             UNIVAC-1100/60
   SUN-2/130                             UNIVAC-1100/62
   SUN-2/140                             UNIVAC-1100/63
   SUN-2/150                             UNIVAC-1100/64
   SUN-2/160                             UNIVAC-1100/70
   SUN-2/170                             UNIVAC-1160
   SUN-3/50                              UNKNOWN
```

```
         VAX-11/725
         VAX-11/730
         VAX-11/750
         VAX-11/780
         VAX-11/785
         VAX-11/790
         VAX-11/8600
         VAX-8600
         WANG-PC002
         WANG-VS100
         WANG-VS400
         WYSE-386
         XEROX-1108
         XEROX-8010
         ZENITH-148
```

                              SYSTEM NAMES

     These are the Official System Names as they appear in the Domain Name
     System WKS records and the NIC Host Table. Their use is described in
     RFC-952 [53].

     A system name may be up to 40 characters taken from the set of upper-
     case letters, digits, and the two punctuation characters hyphen and
     slash. It must start with a letter, and end with a letter or digit.

     AEGIS   MACOS   TP3010
     APOLLO   MINOS   TRSDOS
     BS-2000   MOS   ULTRIX
     CEDAR   MPE5   UNIX
     CGW   MSDOS   UNIX-BSD
     CHORUS   MULTICS   UNIX-V1AT
     CHRYSALIS   MVS   UNIX-V
     CMOS   MVS/SP   UNIX-V.1
     CMS   NEXUS   UNIX-V.2
     COS   NMS   UNIX-V.3
     CPIX   NONSTOP   UNIX-PC
     CTOS   NOS-2   UNKNOWN
     CTSS   OS/DDP   UT2D
     DCN   OS4   V
     DDNOS   OS86   VM
     DOMAIN   OSX   VM/370
     DOS   PCDOS   VM/CMS
     EDX   PERQ/OS   VM/SP
     ELF   PLI   VMS
     EMBOS   PSDOS/MIT   VMS/EUNICE
     EMMOS   PRIMOS   VRTX
     EPOS   RMX/RDOS   WAITS
     FOONEX   ROS   WANG
     FUZZ   RSX11M   X11R3
     GCOS   SATOPS   XDE
     GPOS   SCO-XENIX/386   XENIX
     HDOS   SCS
     IMAGEN   SIMP
     INTERCOM   SUN
     IMPRESS   SUN OS 3.5
     INTERLISP   SUN OS 4.0
     IOS   SWIFT
     IRIX   TAC
     ISI-68020   TANDEM
     ITS   TENEX
     LISP   TOPS10
     LISPM   TOPS20
     LOCUS   TOS

PROTOCOL AND SERVICE NAMES

These are the Official Protocol Names as they appear in the Domain
Name System WKS records and the NIC Host Table. Their use is
described in RFC-952 [53].

A protocol or service may be up to 40 characters taken from the set
of uppercase letters, digits, and the punctuation character hyphen.
It must start with a letter, and end with a letter or digit.

```
ARGUS               - ARGUS Protocol
ARP                 - Address Resolution Protocol
AUTH                - Authentication Service
BBN-RCC-MON         - BBN RCC Monitoring
BL-IDM              - Britton Lee Intelligent Database Machine
BOOTP               - Bootstrap Protocol
BOOTPC              - Bootstrap Protocol Client
BOOTPS              - Bootstrap Protocol Server
BR-SAT-MON          - Backroom SATNET Monitoring
CFTP                - CFTP
CHAOS               - CHAOS Protocol
CHARGEN             - Character Generator Protocol
CISCO-FNA           - CISCO FNATIVE
CISCO-TNA           - CISCO TNATIVE
CISCO-SYS           - CISCO SYSMAINT
CLOCK               - DCNET Time Server Protocol
CMOT                - Common Mgmnt Info Services and Protocol over TCP/IP
COOKIE-JAR          - Authentication Scheme
CSNET-NS            - CSNET Mailbox Nameserver Protocol
DAYTIME             - Daytime Protocol
DCN-MEAS            - DCN Measurement Subsystems Protocol
DCP                 - Device Control Protocol
DGP                 - Dissimilar Gateway Protocol
DISCARD             - Discard Protocol
DOMAIN              - Domain Name System
ECHO                - Echo Protocol
EGP                 - Exterior Gateway Protocol
EMCON               - Emission Control Protocol
EMFIS-CNTL          - EMFIS Control Service
EMFIS-DATA          - EMFIS Data Service
FINGER              - Finger Protocol
FTP                 - File Transfer Protocol
FTP-DATA            - File Transfer Protocol Data
GGP                 - Gateway Gateway Protocol
GRAPHICS            - Graphics Protocol
HMP                 - Host Monitoring Protocol
HOST2-NS            - Host2 Name Server
HOSTNAME            - Hostname Protocol
```

```
ICMP                   - Internet Control Message Protocol
IGMP                   - Internet Group Management Protocol
IGP                    - Interior Gateway Protocol
IMAP2                  - Interim Mail Access Protocol version 2
INGRES-NET             - INGRES-NET Service
IP                     - Internet Protocol
IPCU                   - Internet Packet Core Utility
IPPC                   - Internet Pluribus Packet Core
IP-ARC                 - Internet Protocol on ARCNET
IP-ARPA                - Internet Protocol on ARPANET
IP-DC                  - Internet Protocol on DC Networks
IP-DVMRP               - Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol
IP-E                   - Internet Protocol on Ethernet Networks
IP-EE                  - Internet Protocol on Exp. Ethernet Nets
IP-FDDI                - Transmission of IP over FDDI
IP-HC                  - Internet Protocol on Hyperchannnel
IP-IEEE                - Internet Protocol on IEEE 802
IP-IPX                 - Transmission of 802.2 over IPX Networks
IP-MTU                 - IP MTU Discovery Options
IP-NETBIOS             - Internet Protocol Datagrams over NetBIOS Networks
IP-SLIP                - Transmission of IP over Serial Lines
IP-WB                  - Internet Protocol on Wideband Network
IP-X25                 - Internet Protocol on X.25 Networks
IRTP                   - Internet Reliable Transaction Protocol
ISI-GL                 - ISI Graphics Language Protocol
ISO-TP4                - ISO Transport Protocol Class 4
ISO-TSAP               - ISO TSAP
LA-MAINT               - IMP Logical Address Maintenance
LARP                   - Locus Address Resoultion Protocol
LDP                    - Loader Debugger Protocol
LEAF-1                 - Leaf-1 Protocol
LEAF-2                 - Leaf-2 Protocol
LINK                   - Link Protocol
LOC-SRV                - Location Service
LOGIN                  - Login Host Protocol
MAIL                   - Format of Electronic Mail Messages
MERIT-INP              - MERIT Internodal Protocol
METAGRAM               - Metagram Relay
MIB                    - Management Information Base
MIT-ML-DEV             - MIT ML Device
MFE-NSP                - MFE Network Services Protocol
MIT-SUBNET             - MIT Subnet Support
MIT-DOV                - MIT Dover Spooler
MPM                    - Internet Message Protocol (Multimedia Mail)
MPM-FLAGS              - MPM Flags Protocol
MPM-SND                - MPM Send Protocol
MSG-AUTH               - MSG Authentication Protocol
MSG-ICP                - MSG ICP Protocol
```

```
    MUX                 - Multiplexing Protocol
    NAMESERVER          - Host Name Server
    NETBIOS-DGM         - NETBIOS Datagram Service
    NETBIOS-NS          - NETBIOS Name Service
    NETBIOS-SSN         - NETBIOS Session Service
    NETBLT              - Bulk Data Transfer Protocol
    NETED               - Network Standard Text Editor
    NETRJS              - Remote Job Service
    NI-FTP              - NI File Transfer Protocol
    NI-MAIL             - NI Mail Protocol
    NICNAME             - Who Is Protocol
    NFILE               - A File Access Protocol
    NNTP                - Network News Transfer Protocol
    NSW-FE              - NSW User System Front End
    NTP                 - Network Time Protocol
    NVP-II              - Network Voice Protocol
    OSPF                - Open Shortest Path First Interior GW Protocol
    PCMAIL              - Pcmail Transport Protocol
    POP2                - Post Office Protocol - Version 2
    POP3                - Post Office Protocol - Version 3
    PPP                 - Point-to-Point Protocol
    PRM                 - Packet Radio Measurement
    PUP                 - PUP Protocol
    PWDGEN              - Password Generator Protocol
    QUOTE               - Quote of the Day Protocol
    RARP                - A Reverse Address Resolution Protocol
    RATP                - Reliable Asynchronous Transfer Protocol
    RDP                 - Reliable Data Protocol
    RIP                 - Routing Information Protocol
    RJE                 - Remote Job Entry
    RLP                 - Resource Location Protocol
    RTELNET             - Remote Telnet Service
    RVD                 - Remote Virtual Disk Protocol
    SAT-EXPAK           - Satnet and Backroom EXPAK
    SAT-MON             - SATNET Monitoring
    SEP                 - Sequential Exchange Protocol
    SFTP                - Simple File Transfer Protocol
    SGMP                - Simple Gateway Monitoring Protocol
    SNMP                - Simple Network Management Protocol
    SMI                 - Structure of Management Information
    SMTP                - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
    SQLSRV              - SQL Service
    ST                  - Stream Protocol
    STATSRV             - Statistics Service
    SU-MIT-TG           - SU/MIT Telnet Gateway Protocol
    SUN-RPC             - SUN Remote Procedure Call
    SUPDUP              - SUPDUP Protocol
    SUR-MEAS            - Survey Measurement
```

```
   SWIFT-RVF           - Remote Virtual File Protocol
   TACACS-DS           - TACACS-Database Service
   TACNEWS             - TAC News
   TCP                 - Transmission Control Protocol
   TELNET              - Telnet Protocol
   TFTP                - Trivial File Transfer Protocol
   THINWIRE            - Thinwire Protocol
   TIME                - Time Server Protocol
   TP-TCP              - ISO Transport Service on top of the TCP
   TRUNK-1             - Trunk-1 Protocol
   TRUNK-2             - Trunk-2 Protocol
   UCL                 - University College London Protocol
   UDP                 - User Datagram Protocol
   NNTP                - Network News Transfer Protocol
   USERS               - Active Users Protocol
   UUCP-PATH           - UUCP Path Service
   VIA-FTP             - VIA Systems-File Transfer Protocol
   VISA                - VISA Protocol
   VMTP                - Versatile Message Transaction Protocol
   WB-EXPAK            - Wideband EXPAK
   WB-MON              - Wideband Monitoring
   XNET                - Cross Net Debugger
   XNS-IDP             - Xerox NS IDP
```

TERMINAL TYPE NAMES

These are the Official Terminal Type Names. Their use is described in
RFC-930 [128]. The maximum length of a name is 40 characters.

A terminal names may be up to 40 characters taken from the set of upper-
case letters, digits, and the two punctuation characters hyphen and
slash. It must start with a letter, and end with a letter or digit.

ADDS-CONSUL-980	DATAMEDIA-1521
ADDS-REGENT-100	DATAMEDIA-2500
ADDS-REGENT-20	DATAMEDIA-3025
ADDS-REGENT-200	DATAMEDIA-3025A
ADDS-REGENT-25	DATAMEDIA-3045
ADDS-REGENT-40	DATAMEDIA-3045A
ADDS-REGENT-60	DATAMEDIA-DT80/1
ADDS-VIEWPOINT	DATAPOINT-2200
ADDS-VIEWPOINT-60	DATAPOINT-3000
AED-512	DATAPOINT-3300
AMPEX-DIALOGUE-210	DATAPOINT-3360
AMPEX-DIALOGUE-80	DEC-DECWRITER-I
AMPEX-210	DEC-DECWRITER-II
AMPEX-230	DEC-GIGI
ANDERSON-JACOBSON-510	DEC-GT40
ANDERSON-JACOBSON-630	DEC-GT40A
ANDERSON-JACOBSON-832	DEC-GT42
ANDERSON-JACOBSON-841	DEC-LA120
ANN-ARBOR-AMBASSADOR	DEC-LA30
ANSI	DEC-LA36
ARDS	DEC-LA38
BITGRAPH	DEC-VT05
BUSSIPLEXER	DEC-VT100
CALCOMP-565	DEC-VT101
CDC-456	DEC-VT102
CDI-1030	DEC-VT125
CDI-1203	DEC-VT131
C-ITOH-101	DEC-VT132
C-ITOH-50	DEC-VT200
C-ITOH-80	DEC-VT220
CLNZ	DEC-VT240
COMPUCOLOR-II	DEC-VT241
CONCEPT-100	DEC-VT300
CONCEPT-104	DEC-VT320
CONCEPT-108	DEC-VT340
DATA-100	DEC-VT50
DATA-GENERAL-6053	DEC-VT50H
DATAGRAPHIX-132A	DEC-VT52
DATAMEDIA-1520	DEC-VT55

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DEC-VT61                              HP-2649A
DEC-VT62                              IBM-1050
DELTA-DATA-5000                       IBM-2741
DELTA-DATA-NIH-7000                   IBM-3101
DELTA-TELTERM-2                       IBM-3101-10
DIABLO-1620                           IBM-3151
DIABLO-1640                           IBM-3275-2
DIGILOG-333                           IBM-3276-2
DTC-300S                              IBM-3276-3
DTC-382                               IBM-3276-4
EDT-1200                              IBM-3277-2
EXECUPORT-4000                        IBM-3278-2
EXECUPORT-4080                        IBM-3278-3
FACIT-TWIST-4440                      IBM-3278-4
FREEDOM-100                           IBM-3278-5
FREEDOM-110                           IBM-3279-2
FREEDOM-200                           IBM-3279-3
GENERAL-TERMINAL-100A                 IBM-5151
GENERAL-TERMINAL-101                  IBM-5154
GIPSI-TX-M                            IBM-5081
GIPSI-TX-ME                           IBM-6153
GIPSI-TX-C4                           IBM-6154
GIPSI-TX-C8                           IBM-6155
GSI                                   IBM-AED
HAZELTINE-1420                        IBM-3278-2-E
HAZELTINE-1500                        IBM-3278-3-E
HAZELTINE-1510                        IBM-3278-4-E
HAZELTINE-1520                        IBM-3278-5-E
HAZELTINE-1552                        IBM-3279-2-E
HAZELTINE-2000                        IBM-3279-3-E
HAZELTINE-ESPRIT                      IMLAC
HP-2392                               INFOTON-100
HP-2621                               INFOTON-400
HP-2621A                              INFOTONKAS
HP-2621P                              ISC-8001
HP-2623                               LSI-ADM-1
HP-2626                               LSI-ADM-11
HP-2626A                              LSI-ADM-12
HP-2626P                              LSI-ADM-2
HP-2627                               LSI-ADM-20
HP-2640                               LSI-ADM-22
HP-2640A                              LSI-ADM-220
HP-2640B                              LSI-ADM-3
HP-2645                               LSI-ADM-31
HP-2645A                              LSI-ADM-3A
HP-2648                               LSI-ADM-42
HP-2648A                              LSI-ADM-5
HP-2649                               MEMOREX-1240
```

```
      MICROBEE                          TELETEC-DATASCREEN
      MICROTERM-ACT-IV                  TELETERM-1030
      MICROTERM-ACT-V                   TELETYPE-33
      MICROTERM-ERGO-301                TELETYPE-35
      MICROTERM-MIME-1                  TELETYPE-37
      MICROTERM-MIME-2                  TELETYPE-38
      MICROTERM-ACT-5A                  TELETYPE-40
      MICROTERM-TWIST                   TELETYPE-43
      NEC-5520                          TELEVIDEO-910
      NETRONICS                         TELEVIDEO-912
      NETWORK-VIRTUAL-TERMINAL          TELEVIDEO-920
      OMRON-8025AG                      TELEVIDEO-920B
      PERKIN-ELMER-550                  TELEVIDEO-920C
      PERKIN-ELMER-1100                 TELEVIDEO-925
      PERKIN-ELMER-1200                 TELEVIDEO-955
      PERQ                              TELEVIDEO-950
      PLASMA-PANEL                      TELEVIDEO-970
      QUME-SPRINT-5                     TELEVIDEO-975
      QUME-101                          TERMINET-1200
      QUME-102                          TERMINET-300
      SOROC                             TI-700
      SOROC-120                         TI-733
      SOUTHWEST-TECHNICAL-PRODUCTS-CT82 TI-735
      SUN                               TI-743
      SUPERBEE                          TI-745
      SUPERBEE-III-M                    TI-800
      TEC                               TYCOM
      TEKTRONIX-4006                    UNIVAC-DCT-500
      TEKTRONIX-4010                    VIDEO-SYSTEMS-1200
      TEKTRONIX-4012                    VIDEO-SYSTEMS-5000
      TEKTRONIX-4013                    VOLKER-CRAIG-303
      TEKTRONIX-4014                    VOLKER-CRAIG-303A
      TEKTRONIX-4023                    VOLKER-CRAIG-404
      TEKTRONIX-4024                    VISUAL-200
      TEKTRONIX-4025                    VISUAL-55
      TEKTRONIX-4027                    WYSE-30
      TEKTRONIX-4105                    WYSE-50
      TEKTRONIX-4107                    WYSE-60
      TEKTRONIX-4110                    WYSE-75
      TEKTRONIX-4112                    WYSE-85
      TEKTRONIX-4113                    XEROX-1720
      TEKTRONIX-4114                    XTERM
      TEKTRONIX-4115                    ZENITH-H19
      TEKTRONIX-4125                    ZENITH-Z29
      TEKTRONIX-4404                    ZENTEC-30
      TELERAY-1061
      TELERAY-3700
      TELERAY-3800
```

DOCUMENTS

    [1]   Anderson, B., "TACACS User Identification Telnet Option",
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Security Considerations

   Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

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